### LC35SE-CC-350-850

# freedom in lighting Helvar

### 35 W **SELV Constant current** LFD driver

Product code: 5732

35 W 220 - 240 V 0/50 - 60 Hz



- Very low current ripple, complying with IEEE 1789 standard
- Suitable for DC use
- Long lifetime up to 100 000 h
- Active open load protection
- Ideal solution for Class I and Class II luminaires\*
- For driving Class III (SELV) luminaires, optional strain reliefs available for independent use outside of luminaire (LC-SRA/LC1x30-SR or LC-SRA-LOOP for looping the input cables)



\* See page 4 for details



### **Functional Description**

- Adjustable constant current output: 350 mA (default) to 850 mA
- 600 mA fixed current output option
- Current setting with external (LED-Iset) resistors
- Optional earthing connection when used independently or in Class I luminaires, see page 4 for details

### **Mains Characteristics**

Voltage range 198 VAC - 264 VAC

Withstands max, 320 VAC (max, 1 hour)

176 VDC - 280 VDC DC range

starting voltage > 190 VDC Mains current at full load 0.16 - 0.20 A 0 / 50 Hz - 60 Hz Frequency

THD at full power < 15 % Leakage current to earth  $< 0.3 \, \text{mA}$ 

Tested surge protection 1 kV L-N, 2 kV L-GND (IEC 61000-4-5)

2 kV (IEC 61000-4-4) Tested fast transient protection

### Insulation between circuits & driver case

Mains circuit - SELV circuit Double/reinforced insulation Mains and output - Driver case Double/reinforced insulation Mains input - Ground input Basic insulation

### Load Output (SELV <60 V)

Output current (I\_\_\_\_) 350 mA (default) - 850 mA

+ 5 % Accuracy

Ripple < 1 %\* at ≤ 120 Hz

\*) Low frequency, LED load: Cree XP-G L LEDs

PstLM < 0.03\* SVM < 0.03\*

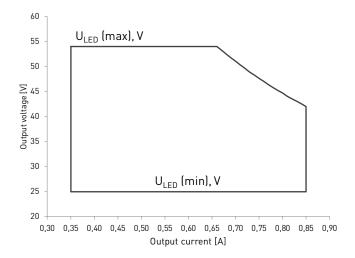
\*) At full power, measured with Cree XP-G LED modules.

U<sub>out</sub> (max) (abnormal) AN V

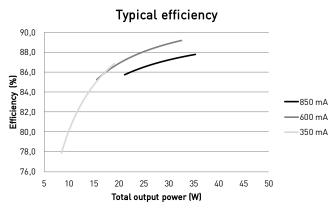
I <sub>LED</sub>	350 mA	600 mA Fixed output	850 mA
P <sub>Rated</sub>	18.9 W	32.4 W	35.7 W
$U_{\mathtt{LED}}$	25 - 54 V	25 - 54 V	25 - 42 V
PF (λ) at full load	0.94	0.98	0.98
Efficiency (n) at full load	87 %	89 %	88 %

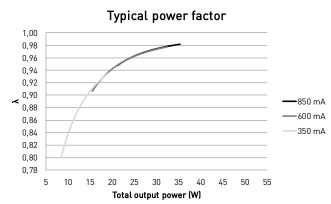


### Operating window



### Driver performance





### **Operating Conditions and Characteristics**

Absolute highest allowed  $t_c$  point temperature 80 °C 80 °C Tc life (50 000 h) temperature Ambient temperature range\* -25 °C ... +50 °C\* -25 °C ... +50 °C in independent use -40 °C ... +80 °C Storage temperature range No condensation Maximum relative humidity Life time (90 % survival rate)

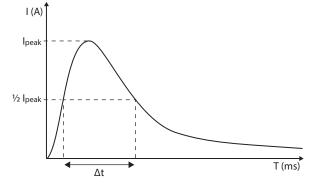
100 000 h, at  $t_c = 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 70 000 h, at  $t_c = 75 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 50 000 h, at  $t_c = 80 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

### Quantity of drivers per miniature circuit breaker 16 A Type C

Based on I <sub>cont</sub>	Based on inrush current I <sub>peak</sub>	Typ. peak inrush current I <sub>peak</sub>	1/2 value time, Δt	Calculated energy, I <sub>peak</sub> <sup>2</sup> Δt	
56 pcs.	51 pcs.	25 A	190 <b>µs</b>	0.089 <b>A</b> <sup>2</sup> s	

### CONVERSION TABLE FOR OTHER TYPES OF MINIATURE CIRCUIT BREAKER

MCB type	Relative quantity of LED drivers			
B 10 A	37 %			
B 16 A	60 %			
B 20 A	75 %			
C 10 A	62 %			
C 16 A	100 % (see table above)			
C 20 A	125 %			



Type C MCB's are strongly recommended to use with LED lighting. Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

<sup>\*)</sup> For other than independent use, higher t, of the controlgear possible as long as highest allowed t, point temperature is not exceeded



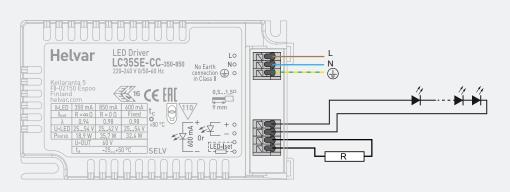
### Connections and Mechanical Data

Wire size  $0.5 \text{ mm}^2 - 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$ 

Wire type Solid core and fine-stranded Wire insulation According to EN 60598

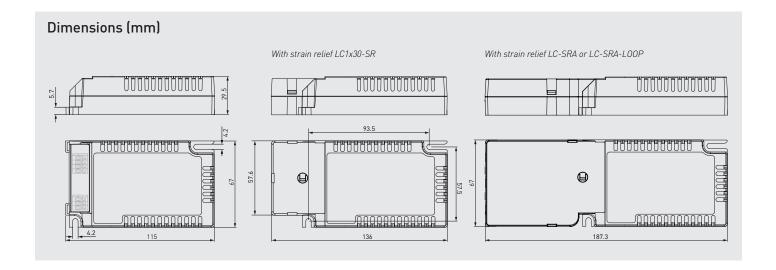
Maximum driver to LED wire length 1.5 m Weight 116 g IP rating IP20

### Connections



### Note:

- Earth connection to PE terminal is optional and not needed for the functionality of the driver. See page 4 for details.
- Not suitable for load side switching operation
- Label may differ if the unit is preset to fixed current



The LED-Iset resistor/current setting values are adjusted according to the LEDset specification. The resistor value for each required output current can thus be calculated from the formula  $R[\Omega] = \{5[V] / I_out[A]\} * 1000$ . Below are the available LED-Iset resistors from Helvar, pre-adjusted for the most common output currents.

### Helvar LED-Iset resistors and currents (Nominal $I_{out}$ (±5 % tol.))

LED-Iset resistor	MAX	800 mA	750 mA	700 mA	650 mA	600 mA	550 mA	500 mA	450 mA	400 mA	No resistor
I <sub>out</sub> (mA)	850	800	750	700	650	600	550	500	450	400	350
Order code	T90000	T90800	T90750	T90700	T90650	T90600	T90550	T90500	T90450	T90400	N/A
Resistance values (Ω)	0	6.2k	6.65k	7.15k	7.68k	8.25k	9.09k	10k	11k	12.4k	∞

The current can be adjusted also with normal resistors by selecting suitable resistor value (formula R  $[\Omega] = (5 [V] / I_out [A]) * 1000$ ). Reference resistor values can be found below order code in the table above.

### Information and conformity



LC35SE-CC-350-850 LED driver is suited for built-in usage in luminaires. With LC1x30-SR/LC-SRA/LC-SRA-LOOP strain relief, independent use is possible too. In order to have safe and reliable LED driver operation, the LED luminaires will need to comply with the relevant standards and regulations (e.g. IEC/EN 60598-1). The LED luminaire shall be designed to adequately protect the LED driver from dust, moisture and pollution. The luminaire manufacturer is responsible for the correct choice and installation of the LED drivers according to the application and product datasheets. Operating conditions of the LED drivers may never exceed the specifications as per the product datasheet.

### Installation & operation

### Maximum ambient and t temperature:

- For built-in components inside luminaires, the t<sub>a</sub> ambient temperature range is a guideline given for the optimum operating environment. However, integrator must always ensure proper thermal management (i.e. mounting base of the driver, air flow etc.) so that the t<sub>c</sub> point temperature does not exceed the t<sub>c</sub> maximum limit in any circumstance.
- Reliable operation and lifetime is only guaranteed if the maximum t<sub>c</sub> point temperature is not exceeded under the conditions of use.

### **Current setting resistor**

LC35SE-CC-350-850 LED driver features a constant current output adjustable via current setting resistor.

- An external resistor can be inserted in to the current setting terminal, allowing the user to adjust the LED driver output current.
- When no external resistor is connected, then the LED drivers will
  operate at their default lowest current level.
- A standard through-hole resistor can be used for the current setting. To achieve the most accurate output current it is recommended to select a quality low tolerance resistor. Minimum diameter for resistor leg is 0.51mm.
- Always connect the current setting resistor only into the terminals marked with LED-Iset on the LED driver label.
- For the resistor/current values, refer to the table on page 3.

### LED driver earthing

- LC35SE-CC-350-850 is Class I LED driver suitable for Class I and II luminaires, as well as driving Class III (SELV) luminaire parts in independent installation with external strain relief.
- If used inside Class I luminaires, the earth cable is recommended
  to be connected to improve the EMC performance of the driver,
  but it is not mandatory. It is the responsibility of the integrator
  to ensure that the assembled luminaire EMC performance
  complies with the latest standards. Driver RFI measurement
  data will be provided by request.
- If used inside Class II luminaires, the safety of the luminaire shall
  be ensured through double/reinforced insulation of live parts.
  LC35SE-CC-350-850 has double/reinforced insulation between
  accessible and live parts, and is suitable for use in all Class II
  luminaires. In this case the earth terminal of the driver must
  be left unconnected and the luminaire terminal block shall not
  have any protective earthing terminal.

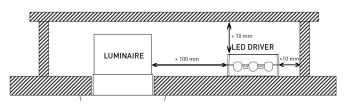
 If used in independent installation with Class I/II/III luminaires, the earth cable connection is optional. Please follow the instructions provided in the strain relief datasheets.

### Miniature Circuit Breakers (MCB)

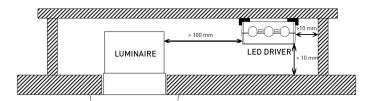
- Type-C MCB's with trip characteristics in according to EN 60898 are recommended.
- Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

#### Installation site

- The general preferred installation position of LED drivers for independent use is to have the top cover facing upwards.
- Minimum recommended distances below:



Suitable for installation upside down and in the corner, in this
case separate spacers must be used. For more information,
please consult Helvar.



### Lamp failure functionality

### **Short circuit**

Driver can withstand output short circuit.

### Underload

Driver can withstand underload, however reliable operation is only guaranteed in specified voltage range.

### Overload

Driver can withstand minor overload, however reliable operation is only guaranteed in specified voltage range.

### No load

When open load is detected, driver limits output voltage according to Uout (max) (abnormal) and goes into low power consumption stand-by mode. After resolving the fault, the normal driver operation can be resumed through a mains reset (> 2 seconds).

## Information and conformity



### Conformity & standards

General and safety requirements	EN 61347-1
Particular safety requirements for DC or AC supplied electronic control gear for LED modules	EN 61347-2-13
Thermal protection class	EN 61347, C5e
Mains current harmonics	EN 61000-3-2
Limits for voltage fluctuations and flicker	EN 61000-3-3
Radio frequency interference	EN 55015
Immunity standard	EN 61547
Performance requirements	EN 62384
Recommended Practices for Modulating Current in High-Brightness LEDs for Mitigating Health Risks to Viewers	IEEE 1789-2015
Compliant with relevant EU directives	
RoHS/REACH compliant	
ENEC and CE / UKCA marked	

### Label symbols



Safety isolating control gear with short circuit protection (SELV control gear).



Thermally controlled control gear, incorporating means  $\overline{110/}$  of protection against overheating to prevent the case temperature under any conditions of use from exceeding 110 °C.