

## 51 W SELV Constant current LED driver

Product code: 5740

51 W 220 – 240 V 0/ 50 – 60 Hz

- SELV output protection for safety and flexibility in luminaires
- Very low current ripple, complying with IEEE 1789 standard
- Suitable for DC use
- Long lifetime up to 100 000 h
- Optimised driver mechanics for independent usage applications
- Integrated spacious strain reliefs with screwless clamps, quick and simple installation process
- Doubled input terminals for looping the mains cables
- Ideal solution for Class I, Class II and Class III (SELV) luminaires



### Functional Description

- Adjustable constant current output: 900 mA (default) to 1400 mA
- 1200 mA fixed current output option
- Current setting with external (LED-Iset) resistors

### Mains Characteristics

Voltage range	198 VAC – 264 VAC Withstands max. 320 VAC (max. 1 hour)
DC range	176 VDC - 280 VDC
starting voltage	> 190 VDC
Mains current at full load	0.23 - 0.26 A
Frequency	0 / 50 Hz – 60 Hz
THD at full power	< 10 %
Leakage current to earth	< 0.3 mA
Tested surge protection	1 kV L-N, 2 kV L-GND (IEC 61000-4-5)
Tested fast transient protection	2 kV (IEC 61000-4-4)

### Insulation between circuits & driver case

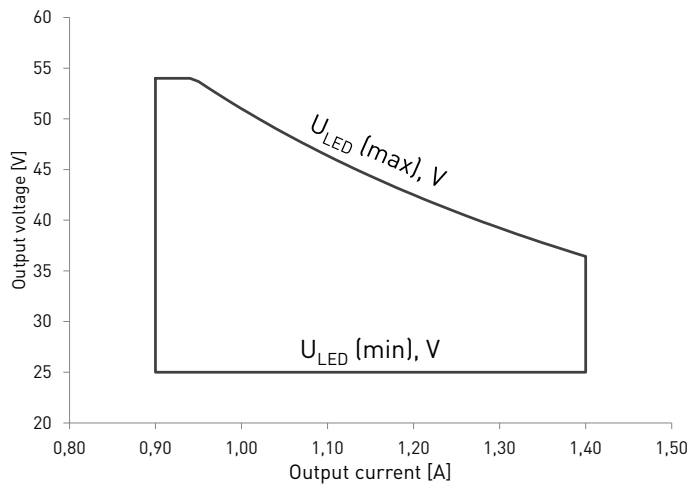
Mains circuit - SELV circuit	Double/reinforced insulation
Mains and output - Driver case	Double/reinforced insulation
Mains input - Ground input	Basic insulation

### Load Output (SELV <60 V)

Output current ( $I_{out}$ )	900 mA (default) – 1400 mA
Accuracy	± 5 %
Ripple	< 1 %* at ≤ 120 Hz
	*] Low frequency, LED load: Cree XP-G LEDs
PstLM	< 0.03*
SVM	< 0.02*
	*] At full power, measured with Cree XP-G LED modules.
$U_{out}$ (max) (abnormal)	60 V

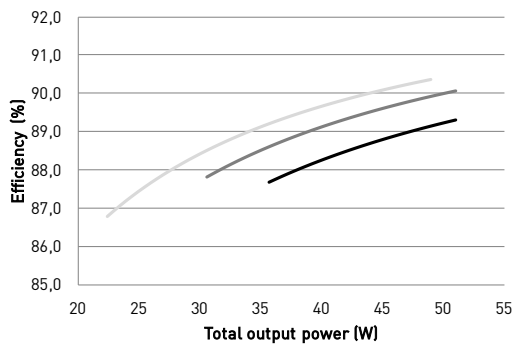
$I_{LED}$	900 mA	1200 mA Fixed output	1400 mA
$P_{Rated}$	48.6 W	51 W	51 W
$U_{LED}$	25 - 54 V	25 - 42.5 V	25 - 36.4 V
PF ( $\lambda$ ) at full load	0.98	0.98	0.98
Efficiency ( $\eta$ ) at full load	90 %	90 %	89 %

Operating window

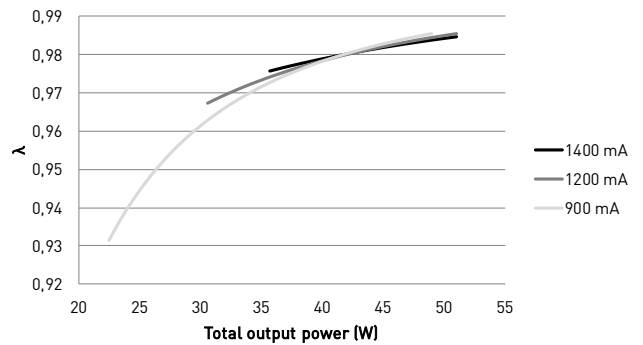


Driver performance

Typical efficiency



Typical power factor



Operating Conditions and Characteristics

Absolute highest allowed $t_c$ point temperature	80 °C
$T_c$ life (60 000 h) temperature	80 °C
Ambient temperature range in independent use	-25 °C ... +45 °C
Storage temperature range	-40 °C ... +80 °C
Maximum relative humidity	No condensation
Life time (90 % survival rate)	100 000 h, at $t_c = 70$ °C 90 000 h, at $t_c = 75$ °C 60 000 h, at $t_c = 80$ °C

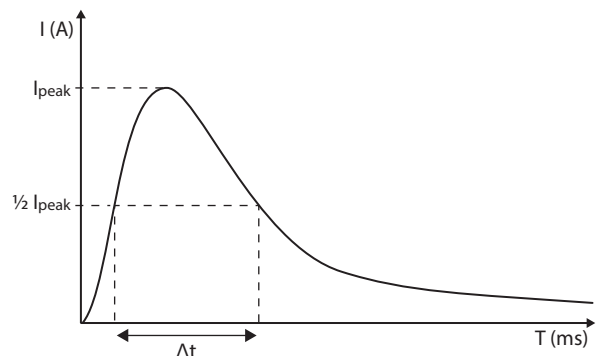
*\*) For other than independent use, higher  $t_a$  of the controlgear possible as long as highest allowed  $t_c$  point temperature is not exceeded*

Quantity of drivers per miniature circuit breaker 16 A Type C

Based on $I_{cont}$	Based on inrush current $I_{peak}$	Typ. peak inrush current $I_{peak}$	1/2 value time, $\Delta t$	Calculated energy, $I_{peak}^2 \Delta t$
43 pcs.	55 pcs.	30 A	158 $\mu$ s	0.105 A <sup>2</sup> s

CONVERSION TABLE FOR OTHER TYPES OF MINIATURE CIRCUIT BREAKER

MCB type	Relative quantity of LED drivers
B 10 A	37 %
B 16 A	60 %
B 20 A	75 %
C 10 A	62 %
C 16 A	100 % (see table above)
C 20 A	125 %

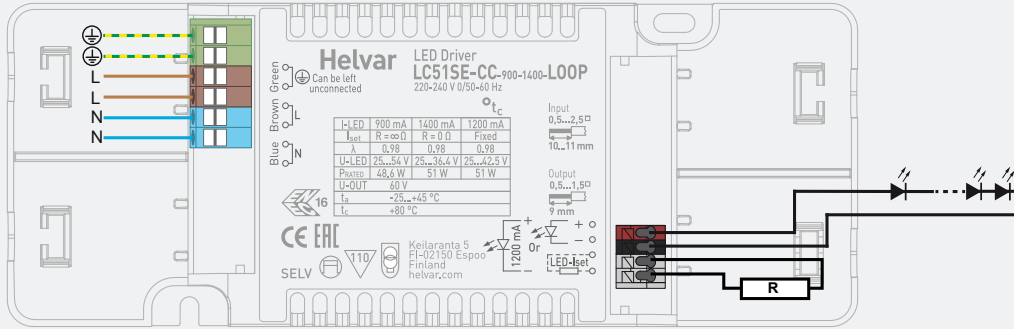


Type C MCB's are strongly recommended to use with LED lighting. Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

## Connections and Mechanical Data

Wire size	Input: 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> – 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
	Output: 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> – 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Wire type	Solid core and fine-stranded
Wire insulation	According to EN 60598
Maximum current through looping terminals	16 A
Maximum driver to LED wire length	1.5 m
Weight	215 g
IP rating	IP20

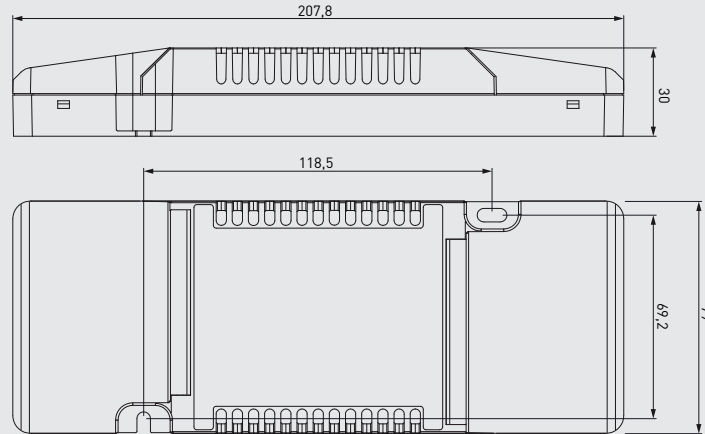
## Connections



Note:

- PE terminal is for looping only and therefore earth connection is not needed for the functionality of the driver. See page 4 for details.
- When looping mains, only additional LED drivers shall be connected through the device terminals
- Not suitable for load side switching operation
- Label may differ if the unit is preset to fixed current

## Dimensions (mm)



The LED-Iset resistor/current setting values are adjusted according to the LEDset specification. The resistor value for each required output current can thus be calculated from the formula  $R [\Omega] = (5 [V] / I_{out} [A]) * 1000$ . Below are the available LED-Iset resistors from Helvar, pre-adjusted for the most common output currents.

## Helvar LED-Iset resistors and currents (Nominal I<sub>out</sub> (±5 % tol.))

LED-Iset resistor model	MAX	1350 mA	1300 mA	1250 mA	1200 mA	1150 mA	1100 mA	1050 mA	1000 mA	950 mA	No resistor
I <sub>out</sub> (mA)	1400	1350	1300	1250	1200	1150	1100	1050	1000	950	900
Order code	T90000	T91350	T91300	T91250	T91200	T91150	T91100	T91050	T91000	T90950	N/A
Resistance values (Ω)	0	3.74k	3.83k	4.02k	4.12k	4.32k	4.53k	4.75k	4.99k	5.23k	∞

The current can be adjusted also with normal resistors by selecting suitable resistor value (formula  $R [\Omega] = (5 [V] / I_{out} [A]) * 1000$ ). Reference resistor values can be found below order code in the table above.

LC51SE-CC-900-1400-LOOP LED driver is suited for independent use and built-in usage in luminaires. In order to have safe and reliable LED driver operation, the LED luminaires will need to comply with the relevant standards and regulations (e.g. IEC/EN 60598-1). The LED luminaire shall be designed to adequately protect the LED driver from dust, moisture and pollution. The luminaire manufacturer is responsible for the correct choice and installation of the LED drivers according to the application and product datasheets. Operating conditions of the LED drivers may never exceed the specifications as per the product datasheet.

## Installation & operation

### Maximum ambient and $t_c$ temperature:

- For built-in components inside luminaires, the  $t_a$  ambient temperature range is a guideline given for the optimum operating environment. However, integrator must always ensure proper thermal management (i.e. mounting base of the driver, air flow etc.) so that the  $t_c$  point temperature does not exceed the  $t_c$  maximum limit in any circumstance.
- Reliable operation and lifetime is only guaranteed if the maximum  $t_c$  point temperature is not exceeded under the conditions of use.

### Current setting resistor

LC51SE-CC-900-1400-LOOP LED driver features a constant current output adjustable via current setting resistor.

- An external resistor can be inserted in to the current setting terminal, allowing the user to adjust the LED driver output current.
- When no external resistor is connected, then the LED drivers will operate at their default lowest current level.
- A standard through-hole resistor can be used for the current setting. To achieve the most accurate output current it is recommended to select a quality low tolerance resistor. Minimum diameter for resistor leg is 0.51mm.
- Always connect the current setting resistor only into the terminals marked with LED-Iset on the LED driver label.
- For the resistor/current values, refer to the table on page 3.

### LED driver earthing

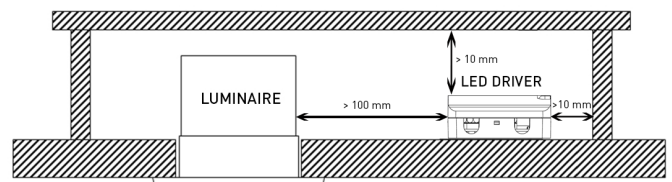
- LC51SE-CC-900-1400-LOOP is Class I LED driver suitable for Class I and II luminaires, as well as driving Class III (SELV) luminaire parts in independent installation.
- If used inside **Class I** luminaires, the earth cable is not required for electrical safety in this driver. The PE connection is designed for earth signal looping between drivers.
- If used inside **Class II** luminaires, the safety of the luminaire shall be ensured through double/reinforced insulation of live parts. LC51SE-CC-900-1400-LOOP has double/reinforced insulation between accessible and live parts, and is suitable for use in all Class II luminaires. In this case the earth terminal of the driver must be left unconnected and the luminaire terminal block shall not have any protective earthing terminal.
- If used in **independent** installation with Class I/II/III luminaires, the earth cable is not required to be connected. The PE connection is designed for earth signal looping between drivers.

### Miniature Circuit Breakers (MCB)

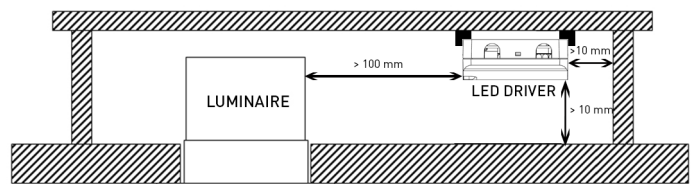
- Type-C MCB's with trip characteristics in according to EN 60898 are recommended.
- Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

### Installation site

- The general preferred installation position of LED drivers for independent use is to have the top cover facing upwards.
- Minimum recommended distances below:



- Suitable for installation upside down and in the corner, in this case separate spacers must be used. For more information, please consult Helvar.



## Lamp failure functionality

### Short circuit

Driver can withstand output short circuit.

### Underload

Driver can withstand underload, however reliable operation is only guaranteed in specified voltage range.

### Overload

Driver can withstand minor overload, however reliable operation is only guaranteed in specified voltage range.

### No load

When open load is detected, driver limits output voltage according to  $U_{out} (max)$  (abnormal) and goes into low power consumption stand-by mode. After resolving the fault, the normal driver operation can be resumed through a mains reset (> 2 seconds).

## Conformity & standards

General and safety requirements	EN 61347-1
Particular safety requirements for DC or AC supplied electronic control gear for LED modules	EN 61347-2-13
Thermal protection class	EN 61347, C5e
Mains current harmonics	EN 61000-3-2
Limits for voltage fluctuations and flicker	EN 61000-3-3
Radio frequency interference	EN 55015
Immunity standard	EN 61547
Performance requirements	EN 62384
Recommended Practices for Modulating Current in High-Brightness LEDs for Mitigating Health Risks to Viewers	IEEE 1789-2015
Compliant with relevant EU directives	
RoHS/REACH compliant	
ENEC and CE / UKCA marked	

## Label symbols



Safety isolating control gear with short circuit protection (SELV control gear).



Symbol for independent control gear.