## LL35HEC-CC-300



## 35 W Constant Current LED driver

- Highly energy- and cost-efficient design
- Efficiency up to 90 %
- Low current ripple, complying with IEEE 1789 recommendation
- Maximum output voltage limited to 350 V
- Driver protection Class I
- Ideal solution for Class I luminaires, suitable for Class II luminaires too\*

### Product code: 5821

35.1 W 220 - 240 V 50 - 60 Hz



### \* See page 4 for details.

## **Functional Description**

- Fixed constant current output 300 mA.
- Can withstand load fault situations, see page 4 for details.
- Low inrush current.

## **Mains Characteristics**

Nominal rated voltage range AC voltage range

Mains current at full load Frequency THD at full power Leakage current to earth Tested surge protection Tested fast transient protection 220 V - 240 V, 50 - 60 Hz 198 VAC - 264 VAC Withstands max. 300 VAC (max. 1 hour) Withstands min. 176 VAC (max. 1 hour) 0.16 - 0.19 A 50 Hz - 60 Hz < 20 % < 0.7 mA 1 kV L-N, 2 kV L-GND (IEC 61000-4-5) 2 kV (IEC 61000-4-4)

Non-isolated Basic insulation

300 mA

## Insulation between circuits & driver case

Mains circuit - Output
Mains and output - Driver case

## Load Output (non-isolated)

Output current (I<sub>out</sub>) Accuracy Ripple

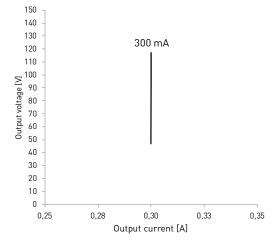
PstLM SVM ± 7.5 % < 5 %\* at < 120 Hz \*) Low frequency, LED load: Cree MX3 LEDs < 0.10\* < 0.02\* \*) At full power, measured with Cree XP-G LED modules. 350 V

U<sub>out</sub> (max) (abnormal)

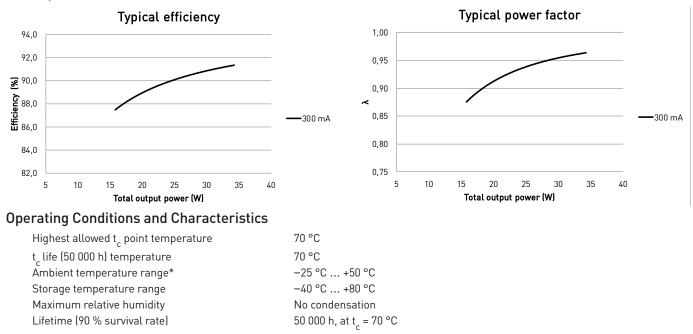
I <sub>LED</sub>	300 mA	
P <sub>Rated</sub>	35.1 W	
U <sub>led</sub>	46 – 117 V	
PF ( $\lambda$ ) at full load	0.96	
Efficiency (n) at full load	90 %	

## LL35HEC-CC-300

## **Operating window**



### Driver performance



\*) For other than independent use, higher t, of the control gear possible as long as highest allowed t, point temperature is not exceeded

### Quantity of drivers per miniature circuit breaker 16 A Type C

-				
Based on in	rush current I <sub>peak</sub>	Typ. peak inrush current I <sub>peak</sub>	1/2 value time, Δt	Calculated energy, $I_{peak}^{2}\Delta t$
1017 pcs*		4.8 A	50 µs	0.0008 A <sup>2</sup> s
*the inrush cu	rrent is not the lim	iting factor for the products per M	ICB, please notice the contine	bus current limitations.
MCB type	Relative quanti LED drivers	ty of		I (A)
B 10 A	37 %			I <sub>peak</sub>
B 16 A	60 %			
B 20 A	75 %			
C 10 A	62 %			1/2 Ipeak
C 16 A	100 % (see tabl	e above)		
C 20 A	125 %			

Total continous current of the drivers and installation environment must always be considered and taken into calculations when installing drivers behind miniature circuit breaker. Example calculation of total drivers amount limited by continous current:  $n[I_{cont}] = [16 \text{ A } [I_{nort,Ta}] / \text{``nominal mains current with full load''}] x 0.76]$ . This calculation is an example according to recommended precautions due to multiple adjacent circuit breakers (> 9 MCBs) and installation environment (T<sub>a</sub> 30 degrees); variables may vary according to the use case. Both inrush current and continous current calculations are based on ABB S200 series circuit breakers. More specific information in ABB series S200 circuit breaker documentation.

NOTE! Type C MCB's are strongly recommended to use with LED lighting. Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

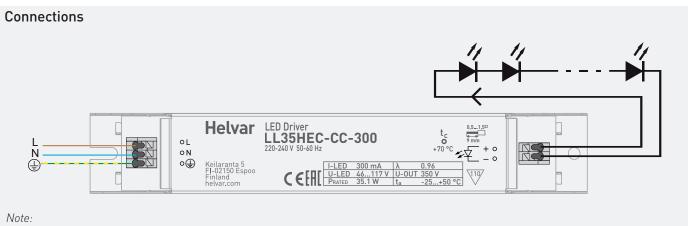
# LL35HEC-CC-300



## **Connections and Mechanical Data**

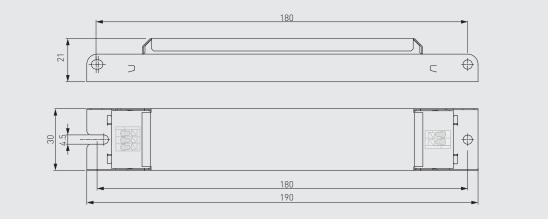
Wire size				
Wire type				
Wire insulation				
Maximum driver to LED wire length				
Weight				
IP rating				

0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> – 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> Solid core and fine-stranded According to EN 60598 1.5 m 119 g IP20



• Not suitable for load side switching operation

## **Dimensions (mm)**



## Information and conformity

LL35HEC-CC-300 LED driver is suited for built-in usage in luminaires. With LL1x2130-SR strain reliefs, independent use is possible too (see the LL1x2130-SR datasheet for details). In order to have safe and reliable LED driver operation, the LED luminaires will need to comply with the relevant standards and regulations (e.g. IEC/EN 60598-1). The LED luminaire shall be designed to adequately protect the LED driver from dust, moisture and pollution. The luminaire manufacturer is responsible for the correct choice and installation of the LED drivers according to the application and product datasheets. Operating conditions of the LED drivers may never exceed the specifications as per the product datasheet.

### Installation & operation

### Maximum ambient and t<sub>c</sub> temperature:

- For built-in components inside luminaires, the t<sub>a</sub> ambient temperature range is a guideline given for the optimum operating environment. However, integrator must always ensure proper thermal management (i.e. mounting base of the driver, air flow etc.) so that the t<sub>c</sub> point temperature does not exceed the t<sub>c</sub> maximum limit in any circumstance.
- Reliable operation and lifetime is only guaranteed if the maximum t<sub>c</sub> point temperature is not exceeded under the conditions of use.

### **Current setting**

LL35HEC-CC-300 LED driver features a 300 mA constant current output.

### LED driver earthing

- LL35HEC-CC-300 LED driver is a protective Class I device and designed for Class I luminaires.
- If used inside **Class I** luminaires, this LED driver must always have the protective earth cable connected for safety reasons.
- The driver is designed to be used inside Class I luminaires. For usage inside Class II luminaires, the safety of the luminaire shall be ensured through double/reinforced insulation of live parts and through supplementary insulation of conductive parts of the casing, or any conductive parts connected to the casing, as the casing is only basic insulated from the live parts. The earth connector of the driver shall be left unconnected and there shall be no protective earth terminals in the luminaire terminal block to fulfill the requirements of IEC/EN 60598-1 for Class II luminaires. The EMC performance of the driver change when left unearthed, so it is always the responsibility of the integrator to take measures and necessary actions, for example by luminaire design to ensure the assembled luminaire complies with latest EMC standard.

### Miniature Circuit Breakers (MCB)

- Type-C MCB's with trip characteristics in according to EN 60898 are recommended.
- Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

## Lamp failure functionality

### No load

When open load is detected, driver limits output voltage according to Uout (max) (abnormal).

#### Overload

Driver can withstand overload, but the LED load will start to blink or the driver won't start when overload occurs. Reliable operation is only guaranteed in specified operational voltage range.

#### Underload

Driver can withstand underload, but the LED load will start to blink when underload occurs. Reliable operation of the driver is only guaranteed in specified operational voltage range.

### Short circuit

Driver can withstand output short circuit and after resolving the fault, driver recovers normal operation automatically.

## **Conformity & standards**

General and safety requirements	EN 61347-1
Thermal protection class	EN 61347, C5e
Mains current harmonics	EN 61000-3-2
Limits for voltage fluctuations and flicker	EN 61000-3-3
Radio frequency interference	EN 55015
Immunity standard	EN 61547
Performance requirements	EN 62384
Recommended Practices for Modulating Current in High-Brightness LEDs for Mitigating Health Risks to Viewers	IEEE 1789-2015
Compliant with relevant EU directives	
RoHS/REACH compliant	
CE / UKCA marked	

## Label symbols



Thermally controlled control gear, incorporating means of protection against overheating to prevent the case temperature under any conditions of use from exceeding 110 °C.