

35 W **Constant Current** LED driver

Product code: 5727

35 W 220 – 240 V 0 / 50 – 60 Hz

- Very high efficiency up to 92 %
- Very low current ripple, complying with IEEE 1789 recommendation
- Suitable for use in emergency lighting applications
- Long lifetime up to 100 000 h
- Maximum output voltage limited to 250 V
- Driver protection Class I
- Ideal solution for Class I luminaires, suitable for Class II luminaires too*



* See page 4 for details.

Functional Description

- Fixed constant current output 350 mA
- Open & short circuit protection

Mains Characteristics

| | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Nominal rated voltage range | 220 V – 240 V, 0 / 50 – 60 Hz |
| AC voltage range | 198 VAC – 264 VAC |
| | Withstands max. 320 VAC (max. 1 hour) |
| | Withstands min. 176 VAC (max. 1 hour) |
| DC voltage range | 176 VDC – 280 VDC |
| DC starting voltage | > 190 VDC |
| Mains current at full load | 0.13 – 0.18 A |
| Frequency | 0 / 50 Hz – 60 Hz |
| THD at full power | < 10 % |
| Leakage current to earth | < 0.3 mA |
| Tested surge protection | 1 kV L-N, 2 kV L-GND (IEC 61000-4-5) |
| Tested fast transient protection | 2 kV (IEC 61000-4-4) |

Insulation between circuits & driver case

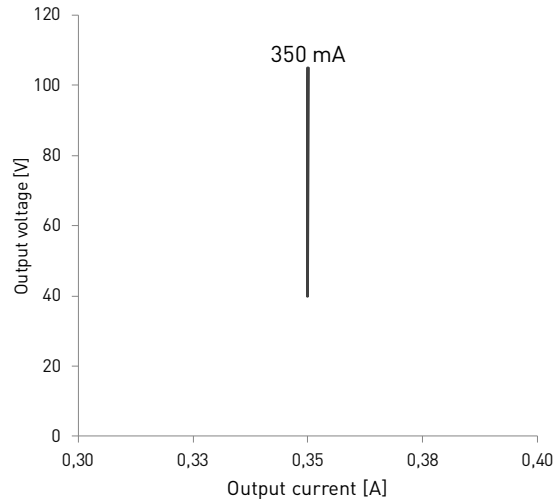
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|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Mains circuit - Output | Non-isolated |
| Mains and output - Driver case | Basic insulation |

Load Output (non-isolated)

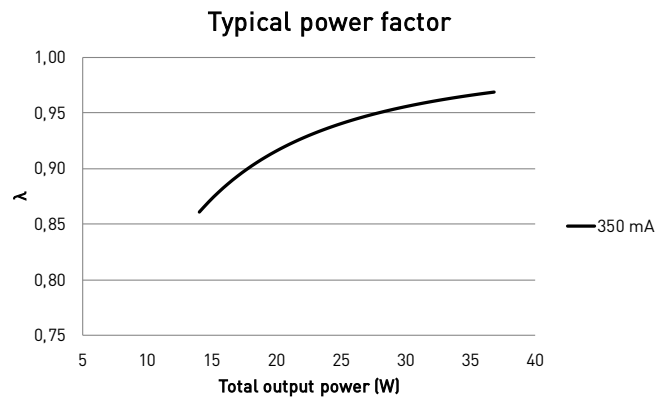
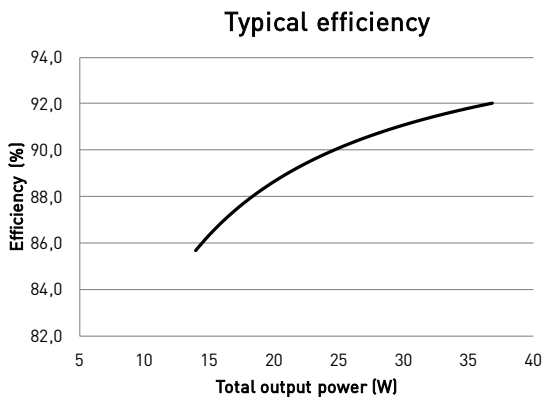
| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Output current (I_{out}) | 350 mA |
| Accuracy | $\pm 5 \%$ |
| Ripple | < 1 %* at ≤ 120 Hz |
| | *] Low frequency, LED load: Cree MX3 LEDs |
| PstLM | < 1* |
| SVM | < 0.4* |
| | *] At full load |
| U_{out} (max) (abnormal) | 250 V |
| EOF _I (EL use) | > 0.98 x output current with AC supply |

| | |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| I_{LED} | 350 mA |
| P_{Rated} | 36.8 W |
| U_{LED} | 40 – 105 V |
| PF (λ) at full load | 0.98 |
| Efficiency (η) at full load | 92 % |

Operating window



Driver performance



Operating Conditions and Characteristics

| | |
|---|--|
| Highest allowed t_c point temperature | 70 °C |
| t_c life (60 000 h) temperature | 70 °C |
| Ambient temperature range* | -25 °C ... +50 °C |
| Storage temperature range | -40 °C ... +80 °C |
| Maximum relative humidity | No condensation |
| Lifetime (90 % survival rate) | 100 000 h, at $t_c = 60$ °C 90 000 h, at $t_c = 65$ °C 60 000 h at $t_c = 70$ °C |

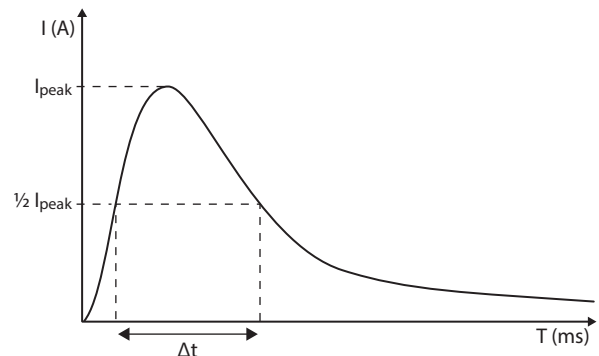
**) For other than independent use, higher t_c of the control gear possible as long as highest allowed t_c point temperature is not exceeded*

Quantity of drivers per miniature circuit breaker 16 A Type C

| Based on I_{cont} | Based on inrush current I_{peak} | Typ. peak inrush current I_{peak} | 1/2 value time, Δt | Calculated energy, $I_{peak}^2 \Delta t$ |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 62 pcs. | 82 pcs. | 22 A | 140 μs | 0.047 A ² s |

CONVERSION TABLE FOR OTHER TYPES OF MINIATURE CIRCUIT BREAKER

| MCB type | Relative quantity of LED drivers |
|----------|----------------------------------|
| B 10 A | 37 % |
| B 16 A | 60 % |
| B 20 A | 75 % |
| C 10 A | 62 % |
| C 16 A | 100 % (see table above) |
| C 20 A | 125 % |



Type C MCB's are strongly recommended to use with LED lighting. Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

Connections and Mechanical Data

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Wire size | 0.5 mm ² – 1.5 mm ² |
| Wire type | Solid core and fine-stranded |
| Wire insulation | According to EN 60598 |
| Maximum driver to LED wire length | 1.5 m |
| Weight | 119 g |
| IP rating | IP20 |

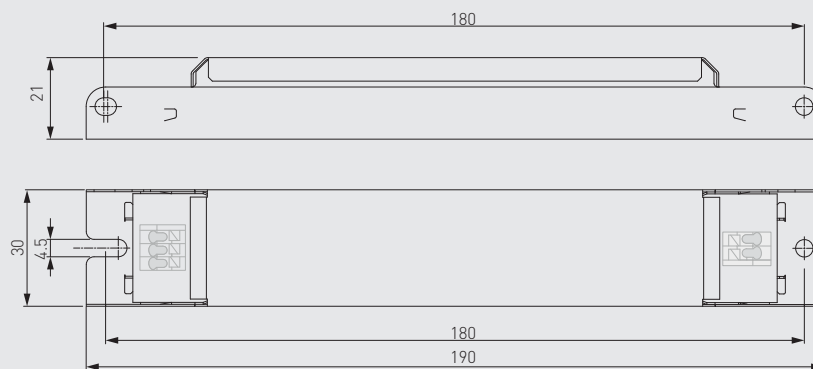
Connections



Note:

- Not suitable for load side switching operation

Dimensions (mm)



LL35HE-CC-350 LED driver is suited for built-in usage in luminaires. With LL1x2130-SR strain reliefs, independent use is possible too (see the LL1x2130-SR datasheet for details). In order to have safe and reliable LED driver operation, the LED luminaires will need to comply with the relevant standards and regulations (e.g. IEC/EN 60598-1). The LED luminaire shall be designed to adequately protect the LED driver from dust, moisture and pollution. The luminaire manufacturer is responsible for the correct choice and installation of the LED drivers according to the application and product datasheets. Operating conditions of the LED drivers may never exceed the specifications as per the product datasheet.

Installation & operation

Maximum ambient and t_c temperature:

- For built-in components inside luminaires, the t_a ambient temperature range is a guideline given for the optimum operating environment. However, integrator must always ensure proper thermal management (i.e. mounting base of the driver, air flow etc.) so that the t_c point temperature does not exceed the t_c maximum limit in any circumstance.
- Reliable operation and lifetime is only guaranteed if the maximum t_c point temperature is not exceeded under the conditions of use.

Current setting

LL35HE-CC-350 LED driver features a 350 mA constant current output.

LED driver earthing

- LL35HE-CC-350 LED driver is a protective Class I device and designed for Class I luminaires.
- If used inside **Class I** luminaires, this LED driver must always have the protective earth cable connected for safety reasons.
- The driver is designed to be used inside Class I luminaires. For usage inside **Class II** luminaires, the safety of the luminaire shall be ensured through double/reinforced insulation of live parts and through supplementary insulation of conductive parts of the casing, or any conductive parts connected to the casing, as the casing is only basic insulated from the live parts. The earth connector of the driver shall be left unconnected and there shall be no protective earth terminals in the luminaire terminal block to fulfill the requirements of IEC/EN 60598-1 for Class II luminaires. The EMC performance of the driver change when left unearthed, so it is always the responsibility of the integrator to take measures and necessary actions, for example by luminaire design to ensure the assembled luminaire complies with latest EMC standard.

Miniature Circuit Breakers (MCB)

- Type-C MCB's with trip characteristics in according to EN 60898 are recommended.
- Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

Lamp failure functionality

No load

When open load is detected, driver limits output voltage according to U_{out} (max) [abnormal].

Overload

Driver can withstand overload, however reliable operation is only guaranteed in specified voltage range.

Underload

Driver can withstand underload, however reliable operation of the driver is only guaranteed in specified voltage range.

Short circuit

Driver can withstand output short circuit and after resolving the fault, driver recovers normal operation automatically.

Conformity & standards

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| General and safety requirements | EN 61347-1 |
| Particular safety requirements for DC or AC supplied electronic control gear for LED modules | EN 61347-2-13 |
| Additional safety requirements for AC or DC supplied electronic controlgear for emergency lighting | EN 61347-2-13, Annex J |
| Thermal protection class | EN 61347, C5e |
| Mains current harmonics | EN 61000-3-2 |
| Limits for voltage fluctuations and flicker | EN 61000-3-3 |
| Radio frequency interference | EN 55015 |
| Immunity standard | EN 61547 |
| Performance requirements | EN 62384 |
| Recommended Practices for Modulating Current in High-Brightness LEDs for Mitigating Health Risks to Viewers | IEEE 1789-2015 |
| Compliant with relevant EU directives | |
| RoHS/REACH compliant | |
| ENEC and CE / UKCA marked | |

Label symbols



Thermally controlled control gear, incorporating means of protection against overheating to prevent the case temperature under any conditions of use from exceeding 130 °C.



AC/DC supplied electronic control gear for emergency lighting purposes intended for connection to a centralized emergency power supply.